



See how the streamlined design of the whale helps it move through the water.

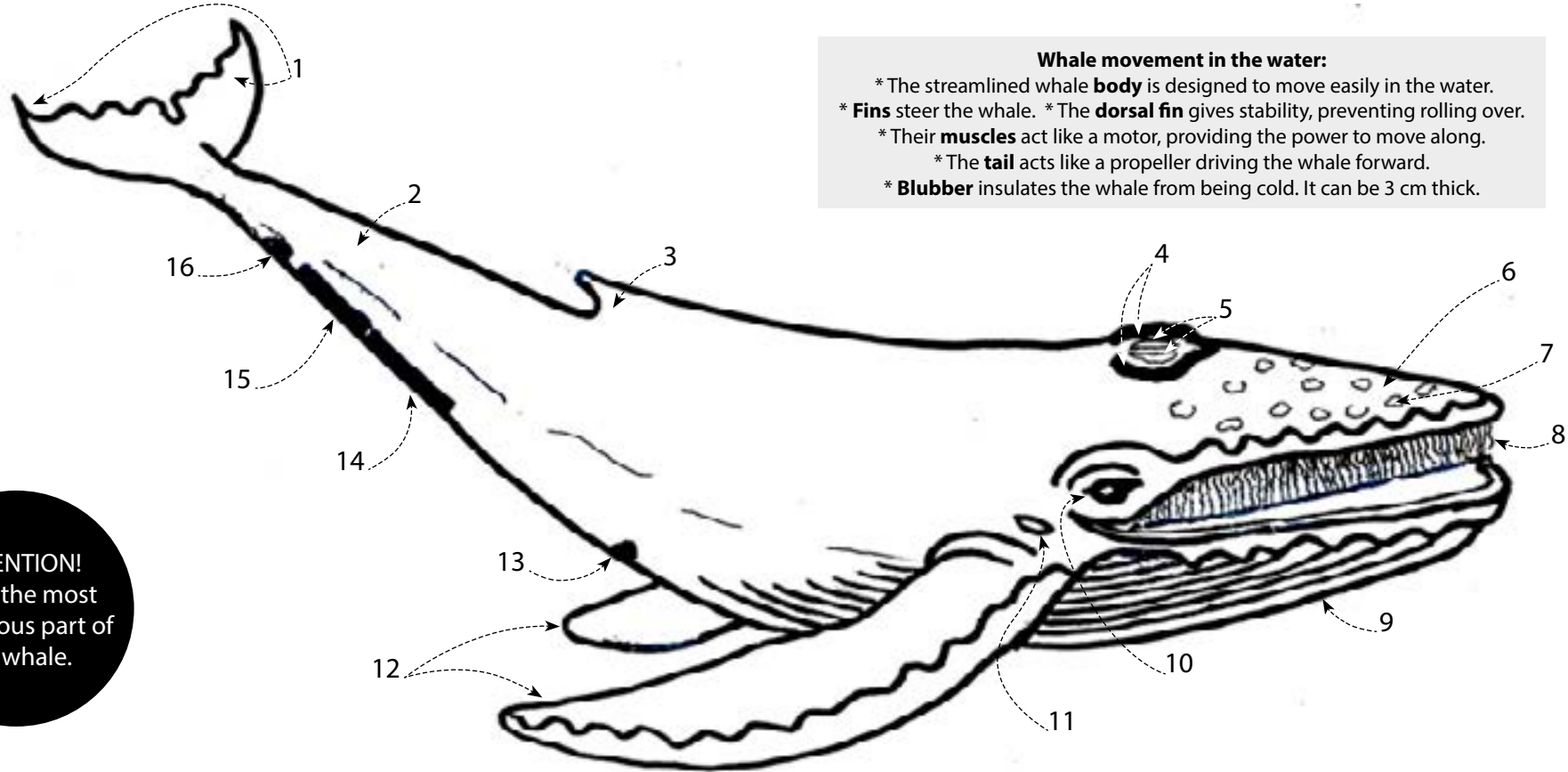
Label the Humpback Whale



Name _____

Use the list below to name the whale's body parts, and cross it off as you go.

anus, baleen, barnacles, blowholes (2), dorsal fin, ear slit, eye, flukes, mammary glands' slits in females, navel, pectoral fins, penduncle muscle, ventral pleats (over stomach), rostrum, sex organ slit, splashguard.



Whale movement in the water:

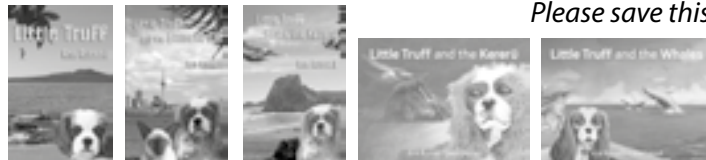
- * The streamlined whale **body** is designed to move easily in the water.
- * **Fins** steer the whale. * The **dorsal fin** gives stability, preventing rolling over.
- * Their **muscles** act like a motor, providing the power to move along.
- * The **tail** acts like a propeller driving the whale forward.
- * **Blubber** insulates the whale from being cold. It can be 3 cm thick.

ATTENTION!
Circle the most dangerous part of the whale.

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Answers:
1. flukes; 2. penduncle muscle; 3. dorsal fin; 4. splashguard; 5. 2 blowholes; 6. rostrum; 7. barnacles; 8. baleen; 9. ventral pleats; 10. eye; 11. ear slit; 12. pectoral fins; 13. navel; 14. mammary glands' slit; 15. sex organ slit; 16. Anus